INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

1. Answer ONLY SIX questions.

2. Write the numbers of the questions that you have chosen to answer at the top of the answers.

3. Start EACH question on a NEW page.

4. Write neatly and legibly.
QUESTION 1

1.1 Indicate whether the following statements are TRUE or FALSE. Write 'true' or 'false' next to the question number (1.1.1–1.1.10) in your ANSWER BOOK.

1.1.1 The South African Police Service is an independent state department.

1.1.2 The causes of crime are to be found in biological, psychological and environmental factors.

1.1.3 More juvenile delinquents than non-delinquents are physically overdeveloped.

1.1.4 According to Freud the human psyche consists of the mind, the body and the soul.

1.1.5 The Differential Association Theory is a typical example of a psychoanalytical theory.

1.1.6 Boys’ Town is a private welfare organisation.

1.1.7 The school is the most influential social system during the child's formative years.

1.1.8 Fraud is making an object to pretend to be an object it is not.

1.1.9 Prostitution can be a form of organised crime.

1.1.10 Retribution is one of the motives for punishment in the criminal justice system. (10 x 2)
1.2 Choose an item from COLUMN B that matches an item in COLUMN A. Write only the letter (A–L) next to the question number (1.2.1–12.10) in the ANSWER BOOK, for example 1.2.11 M.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COLUMN A</th>
<th>COLUMN B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.2.1 The highest court in the country</td>
<td>A Albert Cohen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>has its seat in Bloemfontein</td>
<td>B lack of norms (normlessness)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.2 Official of the court</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>1.2.3 Minimum security prisons</td>
<td>C punish the guilty</td>
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<tr>
<td>1.2.4 Subculture theory</td>
<td>D provocation and alcohol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.5 Anomie theory</td>
<td>E bribery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.6 Characteristic of a delinquent</td>
<td>F behaviour regulation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>subculture</td>
<td>G hedonism</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.7 Causes of violent crimes</td>
<td>H Constitutional Court</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.8 Example of a crime in the business</td>
<td>I public prosecutor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>world</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>1.2.9 Rehabilitation of offenders in prison</td>
<td>J relative freedom</td>
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<tr>
<td>1.2.10 Function of the courts</td>
<td>K Court of Appeal</td>
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<td></td>
<td>L National Commissioner of</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Police</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

(10 x 2) (20)

1.3 1.3.1 Name FOUR elements of a crime. (8)

1.3.2 Name ONE of the symptoms experienced by a user of psychedelic drugs. (2) [50]
QUESTION 2: CRIME STATISTICS

2.1 Name the sources of official crime statistics and indicate the information that is provided by EACH source.  

2.2 Briefly describe the value of crime statistics.  

2.3 Write a paragraph on the shortcomings (deficiencies) of crime statistics.  

2.4 Name the factors that influence crime tendencies and trends.  

[50]

QUESTION 3: CAUSES OF CRIME

3.1 Physical underdevelopment of the juvenile may lead to crime. Explain.  

3.2 Give FIVE reasons why an incomplete household may lead to criminal behaviour. An incomplete home is when one or both parents are absent from home.  

3.3 Name NINE characteristics of psychopaths.  

3.4 Explain why juveniles join gangs.  

[50]

QUESTION 4: CONSEQUENCES OF CRIME

Write an essay to explain the consequences of crime for the criminal, the relatives of the criminal and the victim. You may use headings.  

[50]

QUESTION 5: CLASSIFICATION OF CRIMINALS

Use the comprehensive legal classification of criminals to distinguish between the eight different types of criminals. Do NOT discuss recidivism. Give examples and use headings.  

[50]
QUESTION 6: JUVENILE CRIME

6.1 Why are economic offences committed mostly by boys? (Give FOUR reasons.) (8)

6.2 Why do girls, more often than boys, appear in court for sexual misconduct? (Give FIVE reasons.) (10)

6.3 Name the FOUR most important institutions where juveniles are sent for rehabilitation. (8)

6.4 Point out the main differences between a juvenile court and a children's court. (10)

6.5 Explain the advantages of community service, instead of imprisonment, for the juvenile offender. (14) [50]

QUESTION 7: VICTIMS OF CRIME

7.1 Mendelsohn classified the victims of crime. Name the different categories and fully explain EACH, with examples. (30)

7.2 Name FIVE social and environmental factors that increase the risk of someone becoming a victim of crime. (10)

7.3 Abused women need of a variety of services. Name the services that are available to abused women. (10) [50]

QUESTION 8: PATHOLOGICAL PHENOMENA

8.1 ALCOHOL ABUSE
Explain the consequences of alcohol abuse for the drinker himself. (10)

8.2 PROSTITUTION
Name 10 types of heterosexual prostitutes. (20)

8.3 DRUG ABUSE
Explain the human and environmental factors that cause drug abuse. (20) [50]

TOTAL: 300

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